

STUDY GUIDE BLOCK 4 INTEGRATED MODULER SYSTEM ACADEMIC SESSION. 2024 2nd YEAR MBBS

RAHBAR MEDICAL AND DENTAL COLLEGE LAHORE

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BLOCK 4 GIT MODULE 1

Modular Outcome:

- To describe gross and microscopic anatomy of different parts of gastrointestinal system and associated organs
- To describe the embryological development of different parts of gastrointestinal system and associated organs
- To describe the functional anatomy and physiology of different parts of gastrointestinal system and associated organs
- To describe the motility, secretary and digestive function of gastrointestinal system
- To describe the biochemical aspects of carbohydrate metabolism
- To discuss pathological aspect and management of gastrointestinal related diseases
- To discuss the pharmacological treatment of diarrhea
- · To discuss the psychosocial impact of gastrointestinal diseases in society
- · To discuss the preventive measures related to gastrointestinal diseases
- To comprehend concept of balanced diet and malnutrition

	THEORY		
CODE	GROSS ANATOMY	TOTAL HOURS = 35	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CODE GIT-A-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES Describe the gross anatomical features of oral cavity with its neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage Discuss the location, anatomical features, relations and vascular supply of tonsils: nasopharyngeal, palatine and lingual. Discuss the skeletal framework of hard palate with its neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage Describe the gross anatomical features of soft palate with its neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage Describe the gross anatomical features of soft palate with its neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage Describe the structure of tongue with attachments of muscles of soft palate Describe the structure of tongue with attachments of muscles, blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatic drainage Discuss the anatomical basis of injury to hypoglossal nerve Describe anatomical features, relations and neurovascular supply of parotid gland and its duct, mentioning the structures entering and exiting the gland. Discuss the clinical correlates of parotid gland: parotiditis, Mumps, Frey's syndrome, parotid duct injury and parotid tumor surgery with its complications. Describe the Waldeyer's ring. Describe the Waldeyer's ring.	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC Oral Cavity and Oropharynx
	neurovascular supply of submandibular and sublingual glands with their ducts. Name the parts of pharynx giving their extent, anatomical		

	features, structure, neurovascular supply and Lymphatic		
	drainage		
	Name the pharyngeal constrictor muscles defining their	-	
	attachments, innervation and structure traversing the		
	gaps between adjacent muscles.		
	Describe the planes and quadrants of abdomen		
	Draw and label the cutaneous innervation and	1	
	dermatomes of anterior abdominal wall and anterolateral		
	Abdominal wall and describe the clinical correlates		
	(Abdominal pain, Muscle rigidity, Referred pain, anterior		
	abdominal nerve block)		
	Describe the fascia of anterior abdominal wall with its	-	
	clinical significance		
	Describe anterolateral Abdominal wall arteries, Veins and	 Human	Anterior Abdomen Wall
	Lymphatics and related clinical correlates-Caput		
	Medusae		
	Describe the attachments, nerve supply and actions of		
	muscles of anterior abdominal wall		
GIT-A-002	Identify the muscles of anterolateral abdominal wall on	Anatomy	
	anatomical model and/or cadaver		
	Describe the extent, formation and contents of rectus		
	Sheath		
	Give the formation and extent of inguinal ligament		
	Describe the formation of superficial and deep inguinal		
	rings and conjoint tendon		
	Locate the position of superficial and deep inguinal rings		
	on simulated subject or Cadaver		
	Describe the extent, boundaries and contents of inguinal	_	
	Canal		
	Define the following hernias: umbilical, epigastric,		
	incisional, Spigelian, lumbar, femoral, internal and		
	inguinal		

	Differentiate between direct and indirect inguinal hernias		
	Describe the location of abdominal surgical incisions		
	Mark the abdominal incisions on simulated patient/		
	subject and explain their anatomical basis		
	List the structures and coverings of spermatic cord		
	Trace the horizontal and vertical peritoneal reflections		
	Describe the relationship of viscera to the peritoneum		
	Describe the gross anatomical features of the following:		
	1. Mesentery		
	2. Omentum		
	3. Peritoneal ligaments		
	4. Peritoneal fold		
	5. Peritoneal sac,		
GIT-A-004	6. Recesses,		Peritoneum
	7. Spaces and		
	8. Gutters	Human Anatomy	
	Describe the nerve supply of Peritoneum		
	Describe the anatomical basis and manifestations of the		
	following:		
	1. Peritonitis and ascites		
	2. Peritoneal adhesions (and adhesiostomy)		
	3. Abdominal paracentesis		
	Describe the extent of esophagus, its constrictions,		
	neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage		
GIT-A-005	Discuss the anatomical basis of esophageal varices,		Esophagus
	achalasia and Gastro Esophageal Reflux Disease		
	(GERD)		
	Describe the location, position, parts, external and		
	internal structure, relations, vascular and nerve supply		
GIT-A-006	and lymphatic drainage of stomach	Human Anatomy	Stomach
	Draw and label a diagram illustrating the lymphatic		
	drainage of Stomach		

	Describe the clinical presentation and the anatomical		
	basis and manifestations of the following conditions:		
	Carcinoma of stomach and peptic ulcers		
	Identify and demonstrate the parts, external and internal		
	features of stomach on anatomical model and cadaver		
	Describe the location, position, parts, relations,		
	neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage of		
	Duodenum		
	Describe the anatomical basis and manifestations of the		
	following conditions:		
	1. Duodenal Ulcers		
	2. Ileal diverticulum		
	3. Diverticulosis	Human	Small & Large
GIT-A-007	4. Large bowel cancer	Anatomy	Intestine
	5. Appendicitis		
	6. Volvulus		
	7. Intussusception		
	Demonstrate the various positions of appendix	-	
	Identify and demonstrate the Parts and external features		
	of small and large intestines on anatomical model and		
	cadaver		
	Describe the origin, course, branches (tributaries in case		
	of veins) and distribution of the blood vessels of GIT		
	Describe the formation, tributaries and drainage of		
	hepatic-portal vein		
	Discuss the sites and vessels contributing in	Human	Liver
	portosystemic anastomosis	Anatomy	Liver
GIT-A-008	Describe the clinical picture and anatomical basis for the		
	blockage of porto-systemic anastomosis		
	Identify the blood vessels supplying GIT on anatomical		
	model and cadaver		
	Describe location, lobes, important relations, peritoneal	Human	
	ligaments, blood supply, lymphatic drainage, nerve	Anatomy	Liver

	supply, related clinical correlates of liver and subphrenic		
	spaces.		
GIT-A-009	Describe components of Biliary tree- hepatic duct and bile		Biliary System
	Duct		
	Describe relations, functions, blood supply, lymphatic	Human	
	drainage and nerve supply of Gallbladder	Anatomy	
	Describe related clinical correlates- gall stones, biliary		
	colic, cholecystectomy, gallbladder gangrene		
	Describe the location, surfaces, peritoneal reflections,		
	relations, neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage of		
	pancreas	Human	
GIT-A-010	Describe the anatomical basis and manifestations of	Anatomy	Pancreas
	pancreatitis and pancreatic cancer		
	Identify the parts of the pancreas		
	Describe the location, surfaces, peritoneal reflections,		
	relations, neurovascular supply and lymphatic drainage of	Human Anatomy	Spleen
	spleen		
	Describe the anatomical basis and manifestations of		
GIT-A-011	splenic trauma and splenomegaly		
	Identify the borders, surfaces and Impressions of spleen		
	Demonstrate the correct anatomical positioning of spleen		
	Describe the gross anatomical features, peritoneal		
	relations, blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatic		Sigmoid
	drainage of sigmoid colon, rectum and anal canal	Human	Colon,
GIT-A-UTZ	Describe the anatomical basis for Sigmoidoscopy, rectal	Anatomy	Rectum & Anal
	prolapse, rectal examination, rectal cancer and		Canal
	Hemorrhoids		
	Outline the anatomical basis and surgical treatment plan	Human	
	for the following diseases:	Anatomy	Surgical
GII-A-013	1. Esophageal Injuries	integrated with	Intervention
	2. Gastric Carcinoma	Surgery	

	3. Intestinal Obstruction		
	4. Pancreatic Carcinoma		
	5. Obstructive Jaundice		
	6. Gall Stones		
CODE	EMBRYOLOGY & POST-NATAL DEVELOPMENT	TOTAL HO	URS = 08
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
	Describe the development of tongue		
	Describe the embryological basis of tongue tie		
GIT-A-014	Describe the development of palate	Embryology	Oral Cavity
	Describe the embryological basis of various facial clefts		
	Identify the parts of the developing tongue and palate		
	Describe the formation and divisions of gut tube		
	Describe the development of mesenteries		Foregut
	Describe the development of esophagus		
	Describe the embryological basis of esophageal atresia	Embryology	
	and/or tracheoesophageal fistula		
	Describe the development and rotation of stomach		
GIT-A-015	Describe the embryological basis of pyloric stenosis		
	Describe the development of duodenum, liver and gall		
	Bladder		
	Describe the embryological basis of intrahepatic and		
	extrahepatic biliary atresia		
	Describe the development of pancreas		
	Describe the embryological basis of annular pancreas		
	Describe the development of midgut especially		
	mentioning physiological herniation, rotation, retraction of		
	herniated loops and mesenteries of the intestinal loops		
	Describe the embryological basis of the following	Enclosed a sec	NA: el escat
GIT-A-016	1. mobile cecum	Embryology	widgut
	2. volvulus		
	3. retro colic hernia		
	4. Omphalocele		

	5. gastroschisis		
	Describe the embryological basis of Meckel's diverticulum		
	Describe the embryological basis of;		
	1. Gut rotation defects		
	2. Gut atresia and stenosis		
	Describe the development of hindgut		
	Describe the embryological basis of;		
	3. Rectourethral and rectovaginal fistulas		
	4. Recto anal fistulas and atresia	F achara la su	l Baralan at
GIT-A-017	5. Imperforate anus	Embryology	Hindgut
	6. Congenital megacolon		
	Identify the parts of the developing foregut, midgut and		
	hindgut originating from the endoderm		
	MICROSCOPIC ANATOMY (HISTOLOGY & PATHOLOGY)	TOTAL HO	URS = 07
CODE			TOPIO
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	DISCIPLINE	ΤΟΡΙΟ
	Describe the light microscopic structure of;		
	1 Line		
	1. Lips		
	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Checks, Tasth sums, hard & Caft) 		
	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) 		
	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) 		
	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual slands 		
	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. 		
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of 	Histology	Oral Cavity &
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Describe the serous and mucous acini and give 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Describe the serous and mucous acini and give histological differences between the two. 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Describe the serous and mucous acini and give histological differences between the two. 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
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GIT-A-018	 Lips Tongue including lingual papillae and taste buds Oral Cavity (Cheeks, Teeth gums, hard & Soft palate) Describe the histological structure of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Compare and contrast the histological structures of parotid, submandibular and sublingual glands. Describe the serous and mucous acini and give histological differences between the two. Describe the structure and location of serous demilunes. Describe histology of oropharynx 	Histology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus

	their function		
	Describe the light microscopic structure of esophagus		
	Tabulate the histological differences between different		
	parts of esophagus		
	Describe the histological changes associated with reflux esophagitis and Barrett's esophagus		
GIT-A-019	Describe the light microscopic structure of stomach	Histology	Stomach
	Describe the role of parietal cells in pernicious anemia	Thotology	otomaon
	Describe the light microscopic structure of		
	1. Duodenum		
	2. Jejunum		
GIT-A-020	3. lleum	Histology	Small Intestine
	Discuss the histological basis of celiac disease		
	Discuss the histological basis of Crohn's disease		
	Describe the light microscopic structure of		
GIT-A-021	1. Colon		
	2. Appendix	Histology	Large
	3. Rectum		mesune
	Define colorectal cancer, anal abscess, hemorrhoids		
	PRACTI		
CODE	HISTOLOGY	TOTAL HO	OURS = 12
OODL	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
	Identify, draw and label the histological sections of	Histology	
GIT-A-022	Tongue and Lips and enumerate points of identification	Practical	Oral Cavity
	Identify, draw and label the histological sections of	Histology	Salivary
GIT-A-023	Salivary glands (Submandibular, Sublingual and Parotid)	Practical	Gland
	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of the		
	esophagus and enumerate points of identification		
GIT-A-024		Histology	Upper GIT
	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of	Fractical	
	stomach and enumerate points of identification		

	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of small			
GIT-A-025	intestine (Duodenum, Jejunum, and Ileum) and	Histology	Small	
	enumerate points of identification	Practical	Intestine	
	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of large	Histology	Large	
GIT-A-026	intestine and enumerate points of identification	Practical	Intestine	
	Identify, draw and label the histological sections of Gall	Histology	Organs	
	bladder, liver and enumerate points of identification	Practical	associated with GIT	
GIT-A-027	Identify, draw and label the histological sections of	Histology	Organs	
	pancreas and enumerate points of identification	Practical	with GIT	
	Identify, draw and label the histological sections of		Lymphatic	
GIT-A-028	Palatine tonsil, appendix, peyer's patches and enumerate	Histology Practical	tissue associated	
	points of identification		with GIT	
	NORMAL FUNCTION			
	THEORY			
CODE	MEDICAL PHYSIOLOGY	TOTAL HOURS = 20		
CODE				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Classify the components of enteric nervous system	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Classify the components of enteric nervous system Discuss the location and significance of myenteric plexus	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Classify the components of enteric nervous system Discuss the location and significance of myenteric plexus Describe the Meissner's plexus	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexuses	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow wave	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potential	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC General Principles of	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GIT	Medical	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility,	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembrane	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembraneEnlist the excitatory & inhibitory neurotransmitters of	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control & Blood Flow	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembraneEnlist the excitatory & inhibitory neurotransmitters ofenteric nervous system	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control & Blood Flow	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembraneEnlist the excitatory & inhibitory neurotransmitters ofenteric nervous systemExplain the role of sympathetic & parasympathetic	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control & Blood Flow	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembraneEnlist the excitatory & inhibitory neurotransmitters ofenteric nervous systemExplain the role of sympathetic & parasympatheticnervous system in controlling GIT function.	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control & Blood Flow	
GIT-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESClassify the components of enteric nervous systemDiscuss the location and significance of myenteric plexusDescribe the Meissner's plexusDifferentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexusesExplain the mechanism of developing slow waveExplain the mechanism of developing spike potentialEnlist the factors that depolarize & hyperpolarize the GITMembraneEnlist the excitatory & inhibitory neurotransmitters ofenteric nervous systemExplain the role of sympathetic & parasympatheticnervous system in controlling GIT function.Enlist the gastrointestinal reflexes & explain the functions	DISCIPLINE Medical Physiology	TOPIC General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control & Blood Flow	

	Enlist the hormones acting on GIT, their stimuli, site of release and actions		
	Enumerate different types of movements that occur in GIT		
	Discuss the functions and control of GIT movements		
	Discuss the effect of gut activity and metabolic factors on		
	GIT blood flow		
	Explain the nervous control of GIT blood flow		
	Trace the reflex arc of mastication		
	Explain the process and importance of chewing reflex		
	Enlist the stages of swallowing	Medical Physiology	
	Describe the mechanism of voluntary stage of swallowing	i ilyolology	
	Trace the reflex arc of involuntary stage of swallowing		
	Enlist the steps involved in involuntary stage of	Medical	
	Swallowing	Physiology	
	Explain the effect of swallowing on respiration	Medical Physiology	
	Discuss the mechanism of esophageal stage of	Medical	
GIT-P-002	Swallowing	Physiology	Oral Cavity & Esophagus
	Enlist sources of duenhagin	Medical Physiology	
		integrates with	
	Explain the types and role of different peristalsis	Medical	
	originating in esophagus	Physiology	
	Discuss the role of Lower Esophageal Sphincter	Medical	
	(Gastroesophageal)	Physiology	
	Discuss the pathophysiology of achalasia &	Medical	
	Megaesophagus	Physiology	
	Enlist the features and treatment of achalasia	Medical Physiology	
	Explain storage function of stomach	Medical	
	Describe the basic electrical rhythm of stomach wall	Medical	
GIT-P-003	Evolain the role of pyloric nump and pyloric ophingtor in	Physiology	Stomach
	astric emptying	Medical Physiology	
1	active outpring	,0.0.09,	1

	Explain the factors that promote Stomach Emptying	Medical	
	Discuss the ducdored (nervous 2 howsend)) fortune that	Physiology	
	Discuss the duodenal (nervous & normonal) factors that	Medical	
		Physiology	
	Enlist the factors that initiate enterogastric inhibitory	Medical	
	Reflexes	Physiology	
	Enumerate the equation footunes and nother hypitals and	Medical	
	Enumerate the causes, teatures, and pathophysiology of	Physiology	
	gastritis	Medicine	
		Medical	
		Physiology	
	Explain the physiological basis of each feature of gastritis	integrates with	
		Medicine	
	Recommend treatment of gastritis		
	Enumerate the causes, features, and pathophysiology of	Medical	
	peptic ulcer	Physiology	
	Explain the physiological basis of each feature of peptic	Medicine	
	Ulcer		
	Enumerate and explain the hormones and movements of		
	small intestine	Medical	
	Explain the term "peristaltic rush"	Physiology	
GIT-P-004	Explain the functions of ileocecal valve and sphincter		Small Intestine
	Enumerate the types of intestinal sprue	Medical	
	Enlist the features of intestinal sprue	Physiology integrates with	
	Explain the consequences of sprue on the body	Medicine	
	Enumerate the types of movements taking place in colon	Medical Physiology	
	Explain the mechanism of developing movements of		
	colon and their control through Gastrocolic and	Medical Physiology	
GIT-P-005	Duodenocolic Reflexes	Thysiology	Large
	Enlist the defecation reflexes	Medical	Intestine
	Explain the mechanism of defocation rofley	Medical	
		Physiology	
	Trace the reflex arc of defecation	Medical	

		Physiology			
	Name the other autonomic reflexes that affect bowel	Medical			
	Activity	Physiology			
		Medical			
	Explain the pathophysiology of constipation	Physiology			
		Medicine			
	Discuss the causes of diarrhea				
		Medical			
	Describe the cause of Hirschsprung's disease integrate	Physiology			
	with Medicine				
	Explain the functions of liver	Medical			
	Differentiate between liver and call bladder bile and the	Physiology			
GIT-P-006	Differentiate between liver and gall bladder blie and the	Medical			
	hormones acting on them	Physiology	Liver		
	Enumerate the causes and composition of developing gall	Medical			
	stones	Integrate with			
		Surgery			
	Explain function and secretions of pancreas	Medical Physiology			
	Enlist the causes and pathophysiology of acute and	Integrate with			
GIT-P-007	chronic pancreatitis	Medicine	Pancreas		
	Enumerate the features of acute pancreatitis and explain				
	the physiological basis of each feature of pancreatitis	Medicine			
	Describe the stages of vemiting set	Medical			
	Describe the stages of vomiting act	Physiology			
GIT-P-008	Trace the reflex arc of vomiting	Medical Physiology	Vomiting		
•	Explain the role of chemoreceptor trigger zone for	Medical	Reliex		
	initiation of vomiting by drugs or by motion sickness	Physiology			
	Define Malnutrition				
GIT-P-009	Identify various causes of malnutrition		Malnutrition		
	Identify the risk factors of malnutrition	Integrated with Medicine	Manathaon		
	Outline treatment strategies	Gastroenterology	-		
GIT-P-010	Define Acute Diarrhea	•	Acute & Chronic		
	Define Chronic Diarrhea	Diarrhea			

	Enlist various causes for acute and chronic diarrhea		
CODE	BIOCHEMISTRY	TOTAL HO	URS = 40
GODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
	Give the composition and importance of saliva and		
GIT-B-001	related clinical disorder (xerostomia)		
	Give the composition and importance of gastric juice with		
	special reference to mechanism of HCI secretion and		Biochemistry
	related clinical disorders (achlorhydria, gastric ulcer		of GIT
	Give the composition and importance of pancreatic juice,		secretions &
	bile and succus entericus and related clinical disorders	Biochemistry	digestion and
	(pancreatitis, cystic fibrosis, cholelithiasis).		absorption of dietary
	Describe digestion and absorption of dietary		carbohydrates
	carbohydrates along with inherited and acquired		
	disorders (lactose intolerance, sucrase-isomaltase		
	deficiency).		
GIT-B-002	Elaborate key features of various transport systems for entry of glucose into cells.	Biochemistry	Carbohydrate metabolism/ Entry of glucose into cells
	Enlist the hormones that play important roles in regulating		
	carbohydrate metabolism.		Carbohydrate
GIT-B-003	Elaborate the metabolic effects of these hormones.	Biochemistry	Hormonal
	Infer the consequences of deficiency and excess of these		control of BSL
	Hormones		
	Describe the glycolytic pathway along with its regulation		
	and significance.		
	Compare key features of aerobic and anaerobic		
GIT-B-004	glycolysis.	Biochemistry	Carbohydrate metabolism/
	Calculate the number of ATP produced during aerobic	- ,	Glycolysis
	and anaerobic glycolysis.		
	Explain hemolytic anemia in subjects with pyruvate		
	kinase deficiency based on your biochemical knowledge.		

	Clearly differentiate between substrate level phosphorylation and oxidative phosphorylation.			
	Discuss the metabolic fates of pyruvate.			
GIT-B-005	Describe the transport of pyruvate from cytosol to mitochondria.		Carbohydrate metabolism/	
GIT-B-005	Elaborate the reaction catalyzed by pyruvate dehydrogenase complex (PDH) along with regulation and significance	Biochemistry	Metabolic fates of pyruvate	
	Enlist inherited and acquired causes of lactic acidosis and give biochemical explanation for lactic acidosis in each			
	condition.			
GIT-B-006	Describe the TCA cycle along with regulation & significance. Calculate the energy yield of TCA	Biochemistry	Carbohydrate metabolism/ Kreb's Cycle	
	Definegluconeogenesisandenumerategluconeogenic substrates (precursors)		Carbohydrate metabolism/ Gluconeogenesis	
GIT-B-007	Delineate the reactions involved in synthesis of glucose from various gluconeogenic substrates.	Biochemistry		
	Elaborate the regulation and importance of gluconeogenesis.			
	Explain the significance of Cori cycle and glucosealanine Cycle			
	Illustrate the reactions of glycogenesis, glycogenolysis along with their regulation and significance		Carbohydrate metabolism/	
GIT-B-008	Enlist various types of glycogen storage diseases (GSDs)	Biochemistry	Glycogen metabolism	
	Infer the key biochemical and clinical features of various GSDs from the respective enzyme deficiencies.			
	Describe the reactions and regulation of Hexose Mono		Carbohydrate	
GIT-B-009	Phosphate Pathway (HMP).	Dischartistry	metabolism/	
	Discuss the importance of HMP shunt	DIOCHEMISTRY	Monophosphate	
	Explain hemolytic anemia in subjects suffering from		Pathway	

	G6PD deficiency.			
	Diagnose G6PD (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase)			
	deficiency based on given data.			
GIT-B-010	Describe the reactions, regulation, and biomedical importance of uronic acid pathway and sorbitol pathway	Biochemistry	Carbohydrate metabolism/ Uronic acid pathway & sorbitol pathway	
	Outline the reactions involved in metabolism of galactose			
	and fructose.			
	Infer the key biochemical and clinical features of			
	galactosemia, essential fructosuria, and hereditary		Carbohydrate	
GIT-B-011	fructose intolerance (HFI) from the respective enzyme	Biochemistry	Metabolism of galactose & fructose	
	deficiencies.			
	Explain hypertriacylglycerolemia,	1	in dottobo	
	hypercholesterolemia, and hyperuricemia associated with			
	fructose loading of liver.			
	Outline the reactions involved in ethanol metabolism.		Carbohydrate	
GIT-B-012	Explain how ethanol consumption causes hypoglycemia	Biochemistry	metabolism/ Ethanol metabolism	
	and fatty liver.			
	Diagrammatically illustrate the organization of electron		Respiratory chain & oxidative	
	transport chain (ETC) depicting the flow of electrons			
GIT-B-013	Enlist the components of complex I, II, III, and IV	Biochemistry		
	Enumerate clinically important inhibitors of electron		phosphorylation /ETC	
	transport chain and mention their site of action.			
	Elaborate the structure of ATP synthase (complex V).			
	Explain how the free energy generated by the transport of			
	electrons by ETC is used to produce ATP from ADP + Pi		Respiratory	
	(i.e. chemiosmotic hypothesis)		chain &	
GIT-B-014	Elaborate the effect of oligomycin and uncouplers on ATP	Biochemistry	oxidative	
	production.		/ATP	
	Describe the effect of arsenic poisoning on carbohydrate		synthesis	
	metabolism and ATP production.			
	Elaborate the glycerol 3-P shuttle and malate-aspartate			

	F			
	shuttle for the transfer of reducing equivalents from			
	cytosol into the mitochondria.			
	Define and classify nutrients into macro and			
	micronutrients.		Nutrition/	
GIT-B-015	Elaborate the concept and importance of Balanced Diet	Biochemistry	Balanced diet	
	Enlist the components of balanced diet and elaborate the			
	importance of each component.			
	Delineate special nutritional requirements during			
	pregnancy, lactation, growth, and old age.			
	Suggest dietary advice for patients suffering from	Integrate with	Nutrition/ Special	
GIT-B-016	diabetes mellitus, hypertension, obesity, renal disease,	Medicine	nutritional	
	lactose intolerance, gluten enteropathy,		requirements	
	hypercholesterolemia, and hemorrhoids.			
	Enlist causes and types of Protein Energy Malnutrition			
	(PEM).	Into groto with		
	Differentiate between Kwashiorkor and Marasmus based	community	Nutrition/ PEM	
GIT-B-017	on the given data	Medicine/		
	Enlist symptoms and signs	Pediatrics		
	Outline treatment strategies			
	Define energy balance.			
	Compare the energy content of macro nutrients and		Nutrition/ Caloric requirements	
	alcohol.			
GIT-B-018	Suggest a simple method for estimation of caloric	Biochemistry		
	requirements of sedentary adults, moderately active			
	adults, and very active adults			
	Define basal metabolic rate (BMR)			
GIT-B-019	Elaborate the effect of various physiological and	Biochemistry	Nutrition/	
	pathological factors on BMR.		RMK	
	Define body mass index (BMI).			
	Categorize individuals into underweight, normal,	Integrate with	BMI &	
GII-B-020	overweight, obese, and morbidly obese based on theirs	Medicine	Obesity	
	BMI values.			

	Elaborate the role of genetic, environmental, and				
	behavioral factors in determining body weight.				
	Clearly differentiate between upper body obesity and				
	lower body obesity.				
	Enlist health risks associated with obesity.				
	Describe sources, Recommended Dietary Allowance		Vitamins/		
	(RDA), biochemical functions, deficiency, and toxicity of		Energy		
GIT-B-021	vitamin B1, B2, B3, B5 and B7.	Biochemistry	releasing		
	Describe sources, RDA, biochemical functions,		vitamin E and		
	deficiency, and toxicity of vitamin E and vitamin K.		K		
	Define and classify minerals according to their daily				
	requirements.		Minerals		
	Give sources, functions and biomedical importance of Na,				
GIT-B-022	K and Cl.	Biochemistry			
	Describe sources, functions and biomedical importance of	•			
	Mg, Se, I, F, Cu, Cr, Mn, Mo, Zn and Co.				
GIT-B-023	Define Marasmus and Kwashiorkor	Integrated with Pediatrics	Malnutrition		
	Define Acute Hepatitis		A suite of		
	Define Chronic Hepatitis	Integrated with			
GIT-B-024	Enlist various causes for acute and chronic hepatitis	Medicine	Chronic		
	Describe various symptoms and signs of chronic hepatitis	Gastroenterology	Hepatitis		
	Outline treatment strategies				
	PRACTICAL				
CODE	BIOCHEMISTRY	TOTAL HOU	RS = 11+06		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC		
	Estimate blood glucose level by glucose oxidase method				
GIT-B-025	and interpret the results	Biochemistry	Estimations of blood/urine		
	Determine blood glucose level by glucometer and Practical an				

	interpret the result.								
	Perform Glucose tolerance test (GTT) and interpret the								
	results.								
	Determine urine glucose by dipstick method and interpret								
	the result.								
	Estimate serum amylase and interpret the result.								
GIT-B-026	Interpret the results of Lactose tolerance test.		Interpretation of results						
			Determination						
GIT-B-027	Determine BMI of given subject and interpret the results.		∝ interpretation of results						
GIT-P-011	Demonstrate Cranial nerve V, IX & X testing Physiology Cranial nerve								
	AGING								
CODE	THEORY	TOTAL HOURS = 01							
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC						
	Identify causes and risk factors for malnutrition in elderly	Oit.	Preventive						
GIT-CM-001	Outline treatment strategies	Medicine	in Geriatrics						
	PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERA	PEUTICS							
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OB JECTIVES	TOTAL HOURS = 03							
CODE		DISCIPLINE	TOPIC						
	Classify anti diarrheal drugs and describe the								
GIT-Ph-001	hermonolyingting machanism of action phormonological	Anti							
GIT-PII-001	pharmacokinetics, mechanism of action, pharmacological	Pharmacology	Diarrheal						
	effects, uses and adverse effects	Pharmacology	Diarrheal Drugs						
	effects, uses and adverse effects Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and	Pharmacology	Diarrheal Drugs						
GIT-Pa-001	effects, uses and adverse effects Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of peptic ulcer disease	Pharmacology Pathology	Diarrheal Drugs Peptic Ulcer						
GIT-Pa-001	effects, uses and adverse effects Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of peptic ulcer disease Enumerate common infectious agents of diarrheal	Pharmacology Pathology	Diarrheal Drugs Peptic Ulcer						
GIT-Pa-001	effects, uses and adverse effects Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of peptic ulcer disease Enumerate common infectious agents of diarrheal diseases	Pharmacology Pathology	Diarrheal Drugs Peptic Ulcer Infectious agents						
GIT-Pa-001 GIT-Pa-002	effects, uses and adverse effects Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of peptic ulcer disease Enumerate common infectious agents of diarrheal diseases Discuss pathogenesis and clinical features of common	Pharmacology Pathology Pathology	Diarrheal Drugs Peptic Ulcer Infectious agents causing Diarrhea						

DISEASE PREVENTION & IMPACT					
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOTAL HOURS = 09			
		DISCIPLINE	TOPIC		
GIT-BhS-	Identify health related behaviors and apply principles of		Health related		
001	learning to modify eating and addictive patterns		behaviors		
	Discuss health belief model and its application in				
GIT-BhS- 002	managing common presentations related to gastro-		Hoolth related		
			believes		
	Explain the transtheoretical model of changing behaviors				
	to modify the diseases pattern				
	Describe motivational interviewing and outline a		Management		
003	management plan to help the individuals with obesity and		of Obesity		
	diabetes to lose weight	Behavioral Sciences			
	Describe and distinguish Medically Un described				
	Symptoms (MUS)				
	Describe the association of psychosocial factors with		Medically		
004	MUS		Un described		
	Outline the principles of management plan according to		Cymptonia		
	biopsychosocial model				
	Describe role of Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT)				
	To identify effect on mental development of nutritional		Role of nutritional		
GIT-BhS- 005	deficiencies		deficiencies in		
			development		
	Describe prevention and control of polio, viral hepatitis A,		Epidemiology		
GIT-CM-	cholera, typhoid and food poisoning		or communicable		
001	Describe prevention and control of amoebiasis,		diseases (Intestinal		
	ascariasis, hook worm infestation	Community	infection)		
	Describe the advice to be given for breast feeding,	Medicine			
GIT-CM-	weaning and childhood		Preventive		
002	Discuss risk factors, prevention and management of		pediatrics		
	protein energy malnutrition (PEM)				

GIT-CM- 003	Describe balanced diet for adult and obesity	
	Plot and interpret growth chart for children under 5 years	
	of age	Nutrition & Health
	Describe prevention and control of deficiency of Vitamin A	
	and D	



Module Weeks	Recommended Minimum Hours
06	152

	Weekly Planner									
2nd Year MBBS 2024. GIT										
WEEK – 1 THEME: Oral cavity& esophagus										
	Date 04 March to 08 March 2024									
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm	
Monday 4th March	LGIS PERL ⁺HOD	LGIS Biochemistry 001 Saliva, Gastric Juice		LGIS Physiology 001 general principles of GIT functions	LGIS Oral cavity GIT- A-014 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD - oral cavity & oropharynx GIT-A-001 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD oral cavity & oropharynx/TBL GIT-A-001 HOD* Anatomy Gross	CFRC		
Tuesday 5th March	LGIS Biochemistry 001 Pancreatic Juice, Bile and Succus entericus	LGIS Health related behaviours GIT- bhS-001 Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sodia		LGIS Physiology 001 general principles of GIT functions-motility, nervous control and blood flow	LGIS Foregut GIT-A-015 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD oral cavity & oropharynx GIT-A-001 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 001 Digestion and Asorption of Carbohydrates	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D		
Wednesday 6th March	Hi Hit Physio Bioc	Practicals stology (A) ology /CFRC (B) hemistry (C)	-	LGIS Biochemistry 003 Entry of Glucose into cell, Hormones in Carbohydrate metabolism	LGIS Foregut GIT-A-015 HOD* Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology 002 Oral cavity	SGD oral cavity & oropharynx GIT A-001 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	S D	
Thursday 7th March	Thursday Practicals Histology (B) 7th March Physiology /CFRC (C) Biochemistry (A)			LGIS Biochemistry 003 Metabolic effect, Deficiency and Excess of hormones	SGD Dissection class / Museum activity Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 004 Glycolysis	LGIS Epidemiology of communicable diseases GIT-CM-001 Community/Medicine *HOD	LGIS Health related believes GIT-BHS-002 Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	L	
Friday 8th March	F Hi Physic Bioc	Practicals stology (C) ology/CFRC (A) :hemistry (B)		LGIS Oral cavity GIT-A-018 Anatomy SH *HOD	LGIS Physiology 002 Esophagus	Biochemistry 004 Regulation of Glycolysis, ATP Produced during Glycolysis, Pyruvate kinase deficency	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL *HOD		

				Weekl	y Planner				
				2nd Year IV	IBBS 2024. GIT				
Week 2 THEME: Abdominal wall& peritoneum									
				Date 11 Mar to	o 15 Mar 2024				
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 11 March	ANATOMY TEST	LGIS Biochemistry 005 Metabolic Fates, PDH complex, Lactic acidosis		LGIS Physiology 003 Stomach-1	LGIS Foregut GIT-A-015 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD Anterior abdominal wall GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 006 TCA	CFRC	
Tuesday 12 March	Biochemistry test	LGIS Management of obesity GIT-BHS-003 Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	B R	LGIS Physiology 003 Stomach-2	LGIS Foregut GIT-A-015 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD Anterior abdominal wall GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 007 Gluconeogenesis and Its regulation	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	S
Wednesday 13 March	Pra Histr Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (A) gy /CFRC (B) emistry (C)	Ε	LGIS Biochemistry 009 HMP and its Regulation	LGIS Foregut GIT-A-015 HOD* Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology 004 Small Intestine	SGD Anterior abdominal wall GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	D
Thursday 14 March	Pra Histe Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (B) gy /CFRC (C) emistry (A)	А К	LGIS Biochemistry 009 G6PD Deficency	LGIS Epidemiology of communicable diseases GIT-CM-001 Community/Medicine *HOD	LGIS Physiology 006 Liver	SGD Anterior abdominal wall GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Anterior abdominal wall/TBL GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	L
Friday 15 March	Pra Histe Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (C) ygy/CFRC (A) emistry (B)		LGIS Oral cavity GIT-A-018 Anatomy SH *HOD	Biochemistry 008 Glycogensis and Regulation	Biochemistry 008 Glycogenolysis and Regulation	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS Medically undescribed symptoms GIT-BHS-004 Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	

	Weekly Planner								
				2nd Year M	BBS 2024 - GIT				
				WEEK – 3	THEME STOM	ACH			
	Date 18 Mar to 22 Mar 2024								
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 18 Mar	Physiology Test	LGIS Biochemistry 008 GSDs		LGIS Physiology 005 Large intestine	LGIS Midgut GIT-A-016 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD Anterior abdominal wall GIT-A-002 HOD* Anatomy Gross	CFRC	CFRC	
Tuesday 19 Mar	LGIS Biochemistry 010 Regulation od Uronic acid pathway, Sorbitol pathway	LGIS Peptic Ulcer GIT-Pa-001 HOD* Pathology	В	LGIS Physiology 008 Vomiting reflex	LGIS Midgut GIT-A-016 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD Peritoneum GIT-A-004 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 011 Metabolism of Galactose	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	c
Wednesday 20 Mar	Pra Histe Physiolo Bioche	acticals ology (A) ygy /CFRC (B) emistry (C)	R E	LGIS Biochemistry 011 Metabolism of Furctose	LGIS Hindgut GIT-A-017 HOD* Anatomy SE	LGIS PERL *HOD	SGD Peritoneum GIT-A-004 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	D
Thursday 21 Mar	Pr: Hist Physiolo Bioche	acticals ology (B) ygy /CFRC (C) emistry (A)	A K	LGIS Biochemistry 012 Ethanol and Fatty liver	LGIS Physiology 007 Pancreas	SGD Esophagus GIT-A-005 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Stomach GIT-A-006 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS Medically undescribed symptoms GIT-BHS-004 Behavioural Sciences	L
Friday 22 Mar	Pra Histe Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (C) bgy/CFRC (A) emistry (B)		LGIS Oral cavity GIT-A-018 Anatomy SH *HOD	Biochemistry 013 Complexes of ETC	Biochemistry 013 inhibitor of ETC, Structure of ATP Synthase	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS Role of nutritional deficiencies in mental development GIT-BHS-005 Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	

	2nd Year MBBS - 2024 GIT								
	WEEK – 4 THEME Small& large Intestine								
	Date 25 Mar to 29 Mar 2024								
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 25 Mar	ANATOMY TEST	LGIS Biochemistry 014 Chemiosmotic Hypothesis, Oligomycin and uncouplers		LGIS Physiology 009 Malnutrition	LGIS Hindgut GIT-A-017 HOD* Anatomy SE	SGD Dissection class/ Museum activity Anatomy Gross	CFRC	CFRC	
Tuesday 26 Mar	Biochemistry test	LGIS Anti diarrheal drugs GIT-PH-001 Hod* Pharmacology	R	Tutorial Physiology	SGD Small & large intestine GIT-A-007 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Small & large intestine/TBL GIT-A-007 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 014 Arsenic poisoning, Shuttles	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	S
Wednesday 27 Mar	Pr Hist Physiolo Bioch	acticals blogy (A) Jgy /CFRC (B) emistry (C)	E	LGIS Biochemistry 015 Balanced Diet	SGD Small & large intestine GIT-A-007 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Tutorial Physiology	LGIS GIT-Pa-002 Infectious agents causing diarrhea HOD* Pathology	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	D
Thursday 28 Mar	Pr Hist Physiolc Bioch	acticals <mark>blogy</mark> (B) igy /CFRC (C) emistry (A)	A	LGIS Biochemistry 016 Dietary Advice	SGD Liver GIT-A-008 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS GIT-CM-001 Preventive Medicine in Geriatics HOD* AGING	LGIS Preventive medicine in pediatrics GIT-CM-002 Community Medicine *HOD	LGIS PERL *HOD	L
Friday 29 Mar	Pr. Hist Physiolo Bioch	acticals blogy (C) bgy/CFRC (A) emistry (B)	ĸ	LGIS Oral cavity GIT-A-018 Anatomy SH *HOD	Biochemistry 017 Kwashiorkor and Marasmus	Biochemistry 017 Kwashiorkor and Marasmus	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL *HOD	

Weekly Planner									
	2nd Year MBBS 2024 GIT								
	WEEK – 5 I HEWIE LIVER & Billiary Apparatus								
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 08th /15 Apr	LGIS PERL *HOD	LGIS Biochemistry 018 Estimation of Caloric requirements		LGIS Physiology 010 Acute and chronic diarrhoea	SGD Liver GIT-A-008 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Dissection class/ Museum activity Anatomy Gross	CFRC	CFRC	
Tuesday 9th/16 Apr	LGIS Biochemistry 019 BMR	LGIS Preventive medicine in pediatrics GIT-CM-002 Community Medicine *HOD	В	Tutorial Physiology	SGD Liver GIT-A-008 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Billary system GIT-A-009 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 020 BMI	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	C
Wednesday 17 Apr	Practic Hist Physiolo Bioche	cals/OSPE ology (A) ygy /CFRC (B) emistry (C)	R E	LGIS Biochemistry 020 Upper & Lower body Obesity	Tutorial Physiology	SGD Pancreas GIT-A-010 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Spleen GIT-A-011 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	S D
Thursday 18 Apr	Practic Hist Physiolo Bioche	cals/OSPE ology (B) ygy /CFRC (C) emistry (A)	A K	LGIS Biochemistry 020 Helath Risks associated with obesity	SGD Sigmoid colon, Rectum & anal canal GIT-A-012 HOD* Anatomy Gross	LGIS Stomach GIT-A-019 HOD* Anatomy SH	LGIS Nutrition & health GIT-CM-003 Community Medicine *HOD	LGIS PERL *HOD	L
Friday 19 Apr	Practic Hist Physiolo Bioche	cals/OSPE ology (C) ogy/CERC (A) emistry (B)		LGIS Small intestine GIT-A-020 HOD* Anatomy SH	Biochemistry 021 Vitamin B1,B2, B3	Biochemistry 021 Vitamin B5, B7	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL *HOD	

	Weekly Planner								
	2nd Year MBBS 2024 GIT								
WEEK – 6 THEME Pancreas & Spleen									
	Date 22 Apr to 26 Apr 2024								
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 22 Apr	MODULE TEST	MODULE TEST	D	LGIS Physiology 006 GIT (Revision)	SGD Sigmoid colon,Rectum & Anal canal GIT-A-012 HOD* Anatomy Gross	SGD Surgical Intervention GIT-A-013 HOD* Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 021 Vitamin E	CFRC	
Tuesday 23 Apr	LGIS Biochemistry 021 Vitamin K	LGIS PERL *HOD	R B	LGIS Physiology 007 GIT (Revision)	SGD Dissection class/ Museum activity Anatomy Gross	SGD Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 022 Functions of Na, K and Cl	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	S
Wednesday 24 Apr	Pra Histo Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (A) gy /CFRC (B) emistry (C)	E	LGIS Biochemistry 022 Mg, Se, I, F	LGIS Physiology 004 GIT(Revision)	SGD Anatomy Gross	SGD Anatomy Gross	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	D
Thursday 25 Apr	Pra Histo Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (B) gy /CFRC (C) emistry (A)	А к	LGIS Biochemistry 022 Cu, Cr, Mn	SGD Anatomy Gross	Biochemistry 022 Mo, Zn, Co	LGIS Large intestine GIT-A-021 HOD* Anatomy SH	LGIS PERL *HOD	L
Friday 26 Apr	Pra Histo Physiolo Bioche	acticals blogy (C) gy/CFRC (A) emistry (B)		MINOR MODULE TEST	Biochemistry 023	Biochemistry 024	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL *HOD	

C-FRC GIT SCHAEDULE FOR 2nd YEAR MBBS SESSION 2023-2027

S. No	Week	Date/Time	Topic	Batch	Venue	Facilitator	Log
				No			Book
		04.02.04	Abdeminel	Δ			Entries
1	VVeek 1	04-03-24 02 15pm-	Abdominal	A B	Lect Hall # 2	C-FRC In	3 LOG book
••		3 00pm		C		charge	Entries
		0.000	C-FRC	Ũ			Linanoo
2.		11-03-24	Abdominal	А	Lect Hall # 2	*C-FRC In	3 Log
	Week 2	02.15pm-	General	В		charge	book
	WOOK 2	03.00pm	Examination	С			Entries
			C-FRC				
3.		18-03-24	X ray	А	HOD	*HOD	2 Log
	Week 3	01.15pm-	Abdomen	В	Radiology	*C-FRC In	book
		03.00pm	C-FRC	С	Deptt Hospital	charge	Entries
4.		25-03-24	Abdominal	А	Lect	*HOD	3 Log
	Week 4	01.15pm-	Examination	В	Hall # 2	*C-FRC In	book
		03.00pm	Liver, spleen	С		charge	Entries
5.		27.03.24	Abdominal			*HOD	3 Loa
	Maak 4	08.00am-	Examination	В	HOD	*C-FRC In	book
	VVEEK 4	10.00am	Liver, spleen		Medicine	charge	Entries
			and kidney		Hospital		
		20.02.24	C-FRC				21.00
6.		28-03-24 08.00pm-	Examination		HOD Medicine	C-FRC In	3 LOg
	Week 4	10 00am	Liver spleen	С	Hospital	charge	Entries
		loioodin	and kidney	Ũ	ricopital		Linanoo
			C-FRC				
7.		29-03-24	Abdominal		HOD	*HOD	3 Log
	Week 4	08.00am-	Examination	A	Medicine	*C-FRC In	book
		10.00am	Liver, spleen		Hospital	charge	Entries
			C-FRC				
8.	Week 5	15-04-24	Shifting	A	Lect Hall # 2	*HOD	3 Log
		01.15pm-	Dullness	В		*C-FRC In	book
		03.00pm		С		charge	Entries
			C-FRC				
9.		17-04-24	Shifting		HOD		3 Log
	Week 5	10.00am-	Duliness	В	Hospital	C-FRC IN	DOOK
			C-FRC		Ποοριταί	Glarge	LIUICS
10.		18-04-24	Shifting	1	HOD	*C-FRC In	3 Log
	Week 5	08.00am-	Dullness	С	Medicine	charge	book
	WEEK D	10.00am			Hospital		Entries
			C-FRC				

11.	Week 5	19-04-24 08.00am- 10.00am	Shifting Dullness C-FRC	A	HOD Medicine Hospital	*HOD *C-FRC In charge	3 Log book Entries
12.	Week 6	22-04-24 1.15pm- 3.00pm	dehydration in infant/young and ORS Formulation C-FRC	A B C	Lect Hall # 2	*HOD *C-FRC In charge	2 Log book Entries
13.	Week 6	24-04-24 08.00am- 10.00am	dehydration in infant/young and Formulation ORS C-FRC	в	HOD Medicine Hospital	*HOD C-frc In charge	2 Log book Entries
14.	Week 6	25-04-24 08.00am- 10.00am	dehydration in infant/young and Formulation ORS C-FRC	с	HOD Medicine Hospital	*C-FRC In charge	2 Log book Entries
15.	Week 6	26.04.24 08.00am- 10.00am	dehydration in infant/young and Formulation ORS C-FRC	A	HOD Medicine Hospital	*C-FRC In charge	2 Log book Entries

BLOCK 4 RENAL-1 MODULE 2

Modular Outcome:

- Discuss the gross and microscopic anatomy of kidney and urinary system.
- Explain the embryological development of kidney and urinary tract
- Explain common developmental abnormalities of renal system
- Identify role of renal system in maintaining blood pressure and acid base balance
- Enlist functions of kidney and pathologies related to them.
- Explain method of electrolyte balance and pathologies related to it.
- Highlight pathologies related to kidneys and their distinctive clinical features Interpret investigations done to diagnose abnormal structural and functional presentations.

NORMAL STRUCTURE						
	THEORY					
CODE	GROSS ANATOMY	TOTAL HOURS = 14				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC			
R-A-001	Describe gross features and facial coverings of kidneys. Compare and contrast the relations of right and left		Kidney			
	kidneys.					
	Describe blood supply, lymphatics and nerve supply of kidney	Human Anatomy				
	Discuss the clinical aspects of kidneys					
	Demonstrate the surface marking and radiographic anatomy of kidney. Identify the side of kidney					
	Compare and contrast the relations of right and left Ureter		Ureter			
R-A-002	Give the constrictions of ureter	Human				
	Describe the blood supply nerve supply and lymphatics of ureter	Anatomy				
	Identify the ureter.					
P A 002	Describe the gross anatomical features, relations, surfaces, blood supply, nerve supply and lymphatics of urinary bladder	Human				
R-A-003	Give the clinical corelates of urinary bladder	Anatomy	Urinary bladder			
	Identify the gross features and surfaces of urinary Bladder					
R-A-004	Interpret basic urological signs/symptoms & investigations.	Integrate with	Sign/symptom/in vestigations			
R-A-005	Describe the etiology, and management of urinary retention.	urology	Urinary retention			
R-A-006	Identify and describe the various anatomic landmarks of the renal system on	Integrate with Radiology	radiograph			

	radiographs.		
R-A-007	Describe the parts of urethra.	Human Anatomy	Urethra
CODE	EMBRYOLOGY & POST-NATAL DEVELOPMENT	TOTAL H	OURS = 05
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
R-A-008	Describe development of intermediate mesoderm and its derivatives	Embryology	
	Describe the development of pronephros, mesonephros and metanephros	Embryology	
	Describe positional changes during descent of kidney with correlation to its blood supply	Embryology	Development of urinary system
	Describe the development of urinary bladder and Urethra	Embryology	
	List and describe the common congenital anomalies of kidney, urinary bladder and urethra.	Embryology	
CODE	MICROSCOPIC STRUCTURE	TOTAL H	OURS = 04
CODE	MICROSCOPIC STRUCTURE SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOTAL HO	DURS = 04 TOPIC
CODE R-A-009	MICROSCOPIC STRUCTURE SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe the histological, structural organization and functions of kidney with clinicals.	TOTAL HO DISCIPLINE Histology	DURS = 04 TOPIC Structure of kidney
CODE R-A-009 R-A-010	MICROSCOPIC STRUCTURE SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe the histological, structural organization and functions of kidney with clinicals. Describe the light and ultrastructure of Juxtaglomerular apparatus and glomerular filtration barrier	TOTAL HO DISCIPLINE Histology Histology	DURS = 04 TOPIC Structure of kidney Juxtaglomerular apparatus
CODE R-A-009 R-A-010 R-A-011	MICROSCOPIC STRUCTURE SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe the histological, structural organization and functions of kidney with clinicals. Describe the light and ultrastructure of Juxtaglomerular apparatus and glomerular filtration barrier Describe the histological structure of ureter	TOTAL HO DISCIPLINE Histology Histology Histology	DURS = 04 TOPIC Structure of kidney Juxtaglomerular apparatus Structure of ureter

PRACTICAL						
CODE	HISTOLOGY	TOTAL H	OURS = 06			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC			
R-A-013	Identify and draw and label the histological structure of kidney and enumerate points of identification	Practical	Kidney			
R-A-014	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of ureter and enumerate its points of identification	Practical	Ureter			
R-A-015	Identify, draw and label the histological structure of urinary bladder and enumerate its points of Identification	Practical	Urinary bladder			
NORMAL FUNCTION						
THEORY						
CODE	MEDICAL PHYSIOLOGY	TOTAL HOURS = 36				
CODE						
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC			
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe major composition of intracellular and extracellular fluids	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC			
R-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESDescribe major composition of intracellular and extracellular fluidsDefine Hypo and hypernatremiaExplain the causes of hypo & hypernatremia and their effects on Composition of body fluid Compartments	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC Body fluid compartment			
R-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESDescribe major composition of intracellular and extracellular fluidsDefine Hypo and hypernatremiaExplain the causes of hypo & hypernatremia and their effects on Composition of body fluid CompartmentsDescribe difference between iso-osmotic, hyper- osmotic, hypo-osmotic fluids	Physiology	TOPIC Body fluid compartment			
R-P-001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESDescribe major composition of intracellular and extracellular fluidsDefine Hypo and hypernatremiaExplain the causes of hypo & hypernatremia and their effects on Composition of body fluid CompartmentsDescribe difference between iso-osmotic, hyper- osmotic, hypo-osmotic fluidsEnumerate causes of Intracellular and extracellular edemaDescribe safety factors that prevent edema	DISCIPLINE Physiology	TOPIC Body fluid compartment			
R-P-001 R-P-002 R-P-003	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVESDescribe major composition of intracellular and extracellular fluidsDefine Hypo and hypernatremiaExplain the causes of hypo & hypernatremia and their effects on Composition of body fluid CompartmentsDescribe difference between iso-osmotic, hyper- osmotic, hypo-osmotic fluidsEnumerate causes of Intracellular and extracellular edemaDescribe safety factors that prevent edemaExplain the functions of the kidney	DISCIPLINE Physiology Integrate with Medicine	TOPIC Body fluid compartment Edema Function			

	Explain the role of higher center on micturition			
	Explain the physiological anatomy and innervation			
	of bladder			
	Discuss the voluntary control of micturition			
	Explain the causes, pathophysiology, and features			
	of atonic bladder.			
B-P-005	Discuss the causes, pathophysiology, and features	Integrate with	Abnormalities of	
11-1 -000	of automatic bladder.	Pathology	micturition	
	Write the causes, pathophysiology, and features of			
	uninhibited neurogenic bladder			
	Enlist the steps of urine formation			
	Explain the physiological anatomy and functions of			
	glomerular capillary membrane	_	Urine formation	
R-P-000	Discuss the composition of filtrate	Physiology		
	Explain the minimal change nephropathy and			
	increase permeability to plasma protein			
	Define Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR).			
	Describe the determinants of GFR			
	Explain the factors affecting GFR		Glomerular	
	Discuss the hormones and autocoids that affect			
R-P-007	GFR	Physiology		
	Explain mechanisms of autoregulation of GFR		filtration	
	Enlist the physiological and pathological factors that			
	decrease GFR			
	Explain the effects of angiotensin II blocker on GFR			
	during renal hypoperfusion			
	Enumerate different types of transport along the			
	kidney tubules for reabsorption			
	Explain the reabsorption and secretion along			
R-P-008		Dhyciology	Reabsorption	
	different parts of the Nephron	Filysiology	reassorption	
	different parts of the Nephron Explain the regulation of tubular reabsorption	r nysiology	reassorption	

	determine renal tubular reabsorption		
	Explain the reabsorption of water along different		
	parts of nephron		
	Define obligatory and facultative reabsorption		
	Discuss the characteristics of late distal tubules and		
	cortical collecting ducts		
	Discuss the characteristics of medullary collecting		
	Ducts		
	Explain the use of clearance method to quantify		Clearance
R-P-009	kidney function	Physiology	method
	Describe mechanism of re-absorption of sodium		
	along different parts nephrons		
	Define and explain the term Transport maximum for		Transport maximum
R-P-010	the substances	Physiology	
	Define filtered load for the substance		
	Justify the difference of transport maximum and		
	renal threshold of glucose in renal tubules		
	Explain the renal mechanisms for excreting		
	Dilute urine		
	Explain the mechanism for forming a concentrated		
	Urine		Urine
	Discuss the role of urea in the process of counter	Physiology	concentration and dilution
	current multiplier mechanism		
	Describe the countercurrent exchange in vasa		
	Recta to preserve hyperosmolarity of renal medulla		
	Define and explain the term obligatory urine volume		
R-P-012	Define and explain free water clearance	Physiology	Obligatory urine
	Define Urine specific gravity	Thysiology	Volume
	Enumerate different abnormalities of urinary		Disorders of
R-P-013	concentrating ability	Physiology	concentrating
	Formerste the times of District a insistence		ability
к-Р-014	Enumerate the types of Diabetes insipidus	Integrate with	Diabetes

	Enlist the features of diabetes insipidus	Medicine	insipidus
	Explain the pathophysiology and treatment of		
	central diabetes insipidus		
	Discuss the pathophysiology of nephrogenic		
	diabetes insipidus		
	Make the flow chart to show the Osmoreceptor-		
	antidiuretic hormone (ADH) feedback mechanism		Osmorecentor-
	for regulating extracellular fluid osmolarity in	Physiology	ADH Feedback
R-P-015	response to a water deficit.		System
	Enlist the factors which increase and decrease the		
	release of ADH		
R-P-016	Explain the mechanism of thirst		l hirst
	Enumerate the factors that can alter potassium		
	distribution between intracellular and extracellular		
	fluids		Renal regulation of potassium
R-P-017	Discuss the process of secretion of potassium by		
	renal tubules		
	Explain the regulation of internal potassium		
	distribution and potassium secretion		
	Explain the control of extracellular fluid osmolarity		Control of ECF
N-F-010	and sodium concentration	Physiology	osmolarity
	Explain the integration of renal mechanism for		
	control of Extracellular Fluid (ECF)		
R-P-019	Explain the importance of pressure natriuresis and		Control of ECF
	diuresis in maintaining body sodium and fluid		
	balance		
	Explain the renal handling of calcium concentration		
	to regulate plasma calcium concentration		Renal regulation
R-P-020	Enumerate the factors that alter renal calcium		of calcium
	Enlist the factors that alter renal phosphate		of phosphate
	Excretion		

	Explain the nervous and hormonal factors that			
R-P-021	increase the effectiveness of renal body fluid		Renal body fluid	
	feedback control			
	Explain the conditions that cause large increase in			
B-D-022	blood volume and ECF volume	Physiology	ECF and blood	
R-P-022	Explain the conditions that cause large increase		volume	
	ECF volume but with normal blood volume			
R-P-023	Explain the renal handling of H ⁺ ion.		Acid base	
	Analyze the acid base disturbances on the basis of		balance	
	nH HCO3 and CO2			
	Explain the causes and compensation of metabolic			
	Acidosis			
	Explain the causes and compensation of metabolic			
	Alkalosis	- Physiology	Acid base	
R-P-024	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory		disturbance	
	Acidosis			
1				
	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory			
	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis			
	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid			
	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder			
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap	Physiology	Anion gap	
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	Physiology TOTAL H	Anion gap OURS = 23	
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC	
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC	
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC	
R-P-025	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired disorders (peptic ulcer, Hartnup disease, gluten	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC Protein digestion and	
R-P-025 CODE	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired disorders (peptic ulcer, Hartnup disease, gluten enteropathy and cystic fibrosis).	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE Medical Biochemistry	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC Protein digestion and absorption, reabsorption,	
R-P-025 CODE R-B-001	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired disorders (peptic ulcer, Hartnup disease, gluten enteropathy and cystic fibrosis). Elaborate the mechanisms involved in renal	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE Medical Biochemistry	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC Protein digestion and absorption, reabsorption, and related	
R-P-025 CODE R-B-001	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired disorders (peptic ulcer, Hartnup disease, gluten enteropathy and cystic fibrosis). Elaborate the mechanisms involved in renal reabsorption of amino acids and discuss related	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE Medical Biochemistry	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC Protein digestion and absorption, reabsorption, and related disorders	
R-P-025 CODE R-B-001	Explain the causes and compensation of respiratory Alkalosis Explain the causes and compensation of mixed acid base disorder Define and explain anion gap MEDICAL BIOCHEMISTRY SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES Describe digestion and absorption of dietary proteins along with the inherited and acquired disorders (peptic ulcer, Hartnup disease, gluten enteropathy and cystic fibrosis). Elaborate the mechanisms involved in renal reabsorption of amino acids and discuss related disorders (Hartnup disease and cystinuria)	Physiology TOTAL H DISCIPLINE Medical Biochemistry	Anion gap OURS = 23 TOPIC Protein digestion and absorption, reabsorption, and related disorders	

	degradation.	Biochemistry	Metabolism/ Protein	
	Compare the salient feature of the two major		degradation and	
	mechanisms for degradation of body proteins.		turnover	
	Elaborate the concept of protein turnover and quote			
	examples of short lived and long-lived proteins.			
	Define amino acid pool. Delineate the sources and			
	fates of amino acids.		Protein	
R-B-003	Give definition of nitrogen balance and its three	Medical	Metabolism/ Amino acid pool	
	states. Give physiological and/or pathological	Biochemistry	and nitrogen	
	conditions associated with each state of nitrogen		balance	
	balance.			
	Enlist 7 important reactions involved in amino acid		Protein	
R-B-004	metabolism and give a brief introduction of each.		Metabolism/ Introduction to Reactions involved in	
	(Deamination, Transamination, Trans-deamination,	Medical Biochemistry		
	Deamidation, Decarboxylation, Transmethylation &	Diochemistry		
	Transpeptidation)		catabolism	
	Define transamination. Describe the reactions			
	catalyzed by ALT (alanine transaminase) and AST			
	(aspartate aminotransferase) with special reference			
	to the role of pyridoxal phosphate in the transfer of			
	amino group.	Madiaal	Protein	
R-B-005		Biochemistry	Metabolism/	
	Give diagnostic and prognostic importance of serum		I ransamination	
	ALT and AST.			
	Elaborate the importance of transamination reaction			
	in amino acid metabolism			
	Define oxidative deamination. Describe the reaction		Protein	
R-B-006	catalyzed by glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH)	Medical	Metabolism/	
	along with its significance.	Biochemistry	Trans deamination	

	Define trans deamination.		
	Define deamidation. Describe deamidation reaction catalyzed by glutaminase and asparaginase along with their significance.		
R-B-007	Explain how does L-asparaginase help in the management of certain types of leukemia.	Medical Biochemistry	Protein Metabolism/ Deamidation
	Elaborate the mechanism for shunting of glutamine from liver to kidneys during acidosis. Give advantage of shunting.		
R-B-008	Define decarboxylation. Describe important decarboxylation reactions along with their significance	Medical Biochemistry	Protein Metabolism/ Decarboxylation
R-B-009	Give sources of ammonia in human body. Describe how ammonia is transported to liver with special reference to the role of glutamine and alanine in this transport mechanism.	Medical Biochemistry	Protein Metabolism/ Sources and transport of ammonia
R-B-010	Elaborate the reactions and regulation of urea cycle. Enlist the inherited and acquired causes of hyperammonemia in each condition. Give the biochemical mechanisms underlying ammonia intoxication. Discuss dietary and therapeutic measures for the management of patients with hyperammonemia (phenylbutyrate, lactulose, antibiotics).	Medical Biochemistry	Protein Metabolism/ Urea cycle, ammonia intoxication and its management
R-B-011	Trace the pathways for synthesis of non-essential amino acids (NEAA) (alanine, aspartate, glutamate,	Medical Biochemistry	Protein Metabolism/ Biosynthesis of

	glutamine, asparagine, proline, serine, glycine,		NEAA
	cysteine, and tyrosine)		
	Discuss the fate of carbon skeletons of amino acids.		
	Categorize amino acids into glucogenic, ketogenic or both depending upon the intermediates produced during their catabolism.		
	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that		
	yield oxaloacetate.		
R-B-012	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that yield α -ketoglutarate.	Medical	Protein Metabolism/ Degradation of carbon skeleton of amino acids
	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that yield pyruvate.	Biochemistry	
	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that yield fumarate.		
	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that		
	yield succinyl CoA.		
	Outline the catabolic pathways of amino acids that		
	yield acetyl CoA or acetoacetyl CoA.		
	Describe the metabolism of methionine.	Biochemistry/	
	Discuss cause, Key diagnostics features and	integrate with	
	management of homocystinuria.	Pediatrics	Protein
R-B-013	Describe the catabolism of branched chain amino		Inborn errors of
	acids.	Biochemistry/	amino acid
	Discuss cause key diagnostic features and	Pediatrics	116100013111
	management of Maple Svrup Urine disease		
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	(MSUD).		
	Describe the metabolism of tyrosine. Discuss the cause, key diagnostic features, and management of alkaptonuria, albinism, and type 1 tyrosinemia.	Biochemistry/i ntegrate with Pediatrics	
	Give cause, key diagnostic features, and management of phenylketonuria (PKU)	Biochemistry/i ntegrate with Pediatrics	
	phenylalanine, tyrosine, and methionine		
R-B-014	Describe ionization of water and elaborate its significance. Discuss water and electrolyte balance in health and disease.	Biochemistry	Water, pH, Buffers/ Ionization of water
R-B-015	Define pH and describe the concept of pH scale.		Water, pH, Buffers/ pH and pH scale
R-B-016	Define weak acids and conjugate base.		Water, pH, Buffers/ weak acids and their significance
R-B-017	Define Ka and pKa and give their significance.		Water, pH, Buffers/ Ka And pKa
R-B-018	Describe Henderson-Hasselbach (HH) equation. (no derivation required) along with its application/use.	Biochemistry	Water, pH, Buffers/ HH equation and its applications
R-B-019	Define buffers. Enumerate the component of a buffers system and describe their mechanism of action. Enlist important buffers present in blood, plasma, ECF (Extra Cellular Fluid), ICF (Intra Cellular Fluid) and renal tubular fluid. Elaborate the working of bicarbonate buffer and phosphate buffer.		Water, pH, Buffers/ HH equation and its applications

R-B-020	Elaborate the role of kidneys in the regulation of acid base balance.		Acid Base balance and imbalance/ Renal mechanisms for pH regulation
R-B-021	Elaborate the concept of 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd line of defense against changes in H ⁺ ion concentration.	Acid Base balance and imbalance/ Defense mechanisms against changes in H+ concentration	
	Define acidosis and alkalosis.		
R-B-022	Classify acid base disorders. Enlist causes of metabolic acidosis and give its compensation. Enlist causes of respiratory acidosis and give its compensation. Enlist causes of metabolic alkalosis and give its compensation. Enlist causes of respiratory alkalosis and give its compensation.		Acid Base balance imbalance/ Types of acid base disorders
R-B-023	Interpret disorders metabolic and respiratory disorders of acid base balance on basis of sign, symptoms and arterial blood gas (ABG) findings Give biochemical explanation for tetany associated with alkalosis	Biochemistry	Acid Base balance imbalance/ Tetany in alkalosis

PRACTICAL					
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOTAL HOUR	RS = 02+10=12		
		DISCIPLINE	TOPIC		
R-P-026	Perform a complete examination of the urine sample URS-10 (using urine reagent-10) and interpret its report Determine the specific gravity of urine	Physiology Practical	Interpretation of report		
	Estimate blood urea level and interpret your results.				
R-B-024	Estimate serum creatinine level and interpret your results. Compare the usefulness of blood urea and serum creatinine in assessment of renal functions.	Biochemistry Practical	Interpretation of		
	Determination of proteins in urine by dipstick method and interpret your results.				
	Estimate serum acid phosphatase level and interpret your results.				
	PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHER	APEUTICS			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOTAL HOURS = 13			
CODE		DISCIPLINE	TOPIC		
	Classify diuretics & carbonic anhydrase inhibitor. MOA, clinical uses, and adverse effects				
R-Ph-001	Describe Thiazide & loop diuretics their Mechanism of Action, clinical uses, and adverse effects.	Pharmacology &	Diuretics		
	Describe Potassium sparing and osmotic diuretics their mechanism of action, clinical uses, and adverse effects.	Therapeutics			
R-Pa-001	Discuss the etiology and pathogenesis of different types of stones.	Pathology	Renal Stones		

R-Pa-002	Identify the causes, morphological aspect & outcome of hydronephrosis.		Hydronephrosis	
R-Pa-003	Enlist common causative agents of urinary tract infections and describe pathogenesis and clinical features of common causative agents of UTI.		UTI causative agents	
R-Pa-004	Define various presentations of glomerulonephritis. Define nephrotic and nephritic syndrome. List various risk factors and outline management of glomerulonephritis.		Glomerulonephri tis	
R-Pa-005	Define AKI (acute kidney injury) Identify various risk factors and causes for AKI. Outline management strategies.	Acute Kidney Injury		
	Define UTI (Urinary Tract Infection)			
R-Pa-006	Identify various risk factors and causes of UTI.		Urinary tract	
	Describe signs and symptoms of UTI.		infection	
	Outline management strategies.			
	DISEASE PREVENTION AND IMPAC	т		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	TOTAL H	OURS = 04	
		DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
R-CM-001	Discuss the significance of quality of life in disease and treatment settings. Measures of health status. Disability-Adjusted Life Year (DALY) and Quality-Adjusted Life Year (QALY) Life expectancy.	Community Medicine and Public Health	Quality of life	
R-BhS-001	To identify the behavioral abnormalities caused by renal function. To identify the cognitive abnormality.	Behavioral Sciences	Dementia, uremic encephalopathy, delusion, muscle paralysis	
	and society.		& Societal impact	

AGING					
CODE	THEORY	TOTAL HOURS = 02			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES	DISCIPLINE	TOPIC		
R-Ag-001	To define preventive care in diseases related to urinary system(adults). Primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention.	Community	Disease prevention		
R-Ag-002	Define urinary incontinence. Outline management strategies.	Medicine	Urinary incontinence		



Module Weeks	Recommended Minimum Hours
04	119

Weekly Planner									
	2nd Year MBBS 2024. renal								
	WEEK – 1 THEME: KIDNEY								
				Date 29 APRIL	to 03 MAY 2024				
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm
Monday 29th April	MINOR MODULE TEST GIT	LGIS Anatomy Gross		LGIS Anatomy Gross	LGIS Physiology ICF & ECF 001	LGIS Physiology Hypo and hypernatremia 001	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	
Tuesday 30th April	LGIS Community Medicine	LGIS Anatomy Gross		LGIS Physiology Edema 002	LGIS Physiology Functions of kidney 003	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Biochemistry	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	
Wednesday Practicals Histology (A) 1st May Physiology(B) Biochemistry (C)			LGIS Anatomy Gross	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Physiology Micturation Reflex 004	LGIS Physiology Abnormalities of micturition 005	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	S D	
Thursday Practicals 2nd May Physiology (C) Biochemistry (A)			LGIS HOD* Anatomy SH	LGIS Physiology Urine formation 006	LGIS Physiology GFR 007	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Behavioural Sciences Dr. Sadia	L	
Friday 3rd May	P His Phy Bioct	racticals tology (C) siology(A) semistry (B)		LGIS HOD* Anatomy SH	LGIS Physiology GFR 007	LGIS Biochemistry	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL *HOD	

Weekly Planner										
	2nd Year MBBS 2024 - Renal									
	WEEK – 2 THEME kidney									
				Date 06 May	to 10 May 2024					
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm	
Monday 6th May	Physiology Test	LGIS Physiology Reabsorption 008		LGIS Community Medicine	LGIS Anatomy Gross	LGIS Anatomy SH	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Biochemistry		
Tuesday 7th May	Anatomy Test	LGIS Biochemistry	B	LGIS Physiology Reabsorption 008	LGIS Physiology Clearance method 009	LGIS Anatomy Gross	LGIS Biochemistry	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	C	
Wednesday 8th May	ednesday Practical Histology (A) th May PHYSIOLOGY (B) Biochemistry (C)		E R	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology Transport maximum 010	LGIS Physiology Urine concentration 011	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	D	
Thursday 9th May	rsday Practical May Histology (B) May PHYSIOLOGY (C) Biochemistry (A)		A K	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology Urine dilution 011	LGIS Physiology Urine concentration 011	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS. Pharmacology	L	
Friday 10th May	Friday Practical Histology (C) th May PHYSIOLOGY (A) Blochemistry (B)			LGIS. Pharmacology	LGIS Physiology Obligatory urine volume 012	LGIS Pathology	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS PERL		

Weekly Planner										
2nd Year MBBS 2024 - Renal										
WEEK – 3 THEME urinary bladder										
				Date 13 May	to 17 May 2024					
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm	
Monday 13th May	Physiology Test	LGIS Physiology Disorders of urine concentrating ability 0013		LGIS Pathology	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Biochemistry	Museum activity Anatomy Gross	Museum activity Anatomy Gross		
Tuesday 14th May	Biochemistry TEST	LGIS Pathology	В	LGIS Physiology Diabetes insipidus 014	LGIS Physiology Osmoreceptor- ADH Feedback System 015	PBL Anatomy/ Gross	PBL Anatomy /Gross	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	c	
Wednesday 15th May Biochemistry (C)		R E	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology Thirst 016	LGIS Physiology Renal regulation of potassium 017	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	S D		
Thursday 16th May Histology (B) PHYSIOLOGY (C) Biochemistry (A)		A K	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology Control of ECF osmolarity 018	LGIS Physiology Control of ECF 019	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Pathology/Medicin e	L		
Friday 17th May Biochemistry (B)			LGIS Pathology	LGIS Physiology Renal regulation of calcium 020	LGIS Biochemistry	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS. Pharmacology			

Weekly Planner											
2nd Year MBBS 2024 - Renal											
	WEEK – 4 THEME										
	Date 20 May to 24 May 2024										
Days/Time	8:00am-09:00am	09:00am-10:00am	10:00am-10:15am	10:15am-11:15am	11:15am-12:15pm	12:15pm-1:15pm	1:15pm-2:15pm	2.15pm-3.00pm	3:00pm-4:00pm		
Monday 20th May	MODULE TEST	MODULE TEST		LGIS Physiology Renal regulation of phosphate 020	LGIS Physiology Renal body fluid feedback control 021	LGIS Biochemistry	Museum activity Anatomy Gross	Museum activity Anatomy Gross			
Tuesday 21 May	LGIS Pathology	LGIS Pathology	В	LGIS Physiology ECF and blood volume 022	LGIS Physiology Acid base balance 023	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Biochemistry	2:15pm-3:00pm LGIS Islamiat/Pak studies *H.O.D	C		
Wednesday 22 May	Pr Histo CF Bioche	actical blogy (A) RC (B) emistry (C)	к Е	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Anatomy SE	LGIS Physiology Disturbane of Acid base balance 023	LGIS Physiology Disturbane of Acid base balance 023	LGIS QURAN. Prof. M. Ali	S D		
Thursday Practical 23 May CFRC (C) Biochemistry (A)		A K	LGIS Anatomy SH	LGIS Physiology Anion gap 024	LGIS Physiology Anion gap 024	LGIS Biochemistry	LGIS Pathology/Medicin e	L			
Friday Practical 24 May CFRC (A) Biochemistry (B)			MINOR MODULE TEST	LGIS Physiology Revision	LGIS Biochemistry	1:15pm-2:00pm Jumma Prayer	LGIS Pathology/Medicin e				

C-FRC RENAL SCHAEDULE FOR 2nd YEAR MBBS SESSION 2023-2027

S. No	Week	Date/Time	Торіс	Batch No	Venue	Facilitator	Log Book
							Entries
1.	Week 4	22-05-24 08.00am- 10.00am	Detail the steps of urinary catheterization in females & males	В	Skill Lab	*C-FRC In charge	3 Log book Entries
2.	Week 4	23-05-24 08.00am- 10.00am	Detail the steps of urinary catheterization in females & males	С	Skill Lab	*C-FRC In charge	3 Log book Entries
3.	Week 4	24-05-24 08.00am- 10.00am	Detail the steps of urinary catheterization in females & males	A	Skill Lab	*C-FRC In charge	2 Log book Entries

ASSESSMENT POLICY:

- 1. Second Professional examination will be held at the end of the Second year MBBS class as per University of Health Sciences schedule.
- 2. All students must prepare all the subjects, Anatomy (including Histology), Physiology, Biochemistry, Behavioral sciences, Community medicine & public health, Pathology, Pharmacology, mentioned as per above sections including clinical skills and PERL. The assessment will be held in all three blocks, which were taught during Second year MBBS.
- 3. There will be four papers in the first-year professional examination as per following:
 - a) Paper 01 will be based on contents of Block No. 04.
 - b) Paper 02 will be based on contents of Block No. 05.
 - c) Paper 03 will be based on contents of Block No. 06.

4. All papers will be based on written and Oral/Practical/Clinical examination except Islamic Studies, Ethics, Professionalism, and Pakistan Studies, which will be written only.

5. The written and Oral/Practical/Clinical examination will carry 150 marks each thus a total of 300 marks for each of the three block (Block No. 04, 05 & 06).

6.The total marks of second year MBBS will be 900 (300 marks of each block, 04, 05 & 06).

- 7. Major component of the second will include:
- Anatomy including Applied and Clinical Anatomy.
- Physiology including Applied and Clinical Physiology.
- Biochemistry including Applied and Clinical Biochemistry.

8. The Applied and Clinical part of all the above three mentioned component will be based on Clinical correlations.

9. Minor Components of the year include Pathology, Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Community Medicine, Behavioral Sciences, Clinical Foundation 2 and PERL 2. 10. Written Examination:

- There will be one written paper for each of Paper 4, 5 & 6 of the Blocks.
- This written paper will be based on one best type MCQs (70%) and SEQs (30%).
- Each MCQ will have five options (One best option and four distractors) and each will carry 01 Mark.
- There will be no negative marking.
- There will be no sections of SEQs and each will carry 05 Marks.
- SEQs will only be from the major components of first year that is Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry.
- There will be total 85 MCQs and 07 SEQs in each of three Block papers that is Block 04, 05 & 06.

- The duration of written paper will be of 180 Minutes or 03 Hours.
- MCQs part will be of 110 Minutes and SEQs will be 70 Minutes.
 - 1. Oral/Practical/Clinical Examination:
- There will an Oral/Practical and Clinical Examination of each paper 4, 5and 6 will consist of a total of twelve (12) OSPE/OSCE/OSVE Stations.
- There will be seven (7) OSPE (objectively structed practical examination) stations from major subject areas.
- There will be two (2) Observed OSCE (objectively structed clinical examination) stations based on C-FRC-2 and PERL-2.
- There will be three (3) Observed interactive OSVE (objectively structed viva examination) from major subject areas. Each OSVE station will have a structured viva to assess.
- Each OSPE/OSCE Observed station will carry 08 Marks.
- Each OSVE station will carry sixteen (16) Marks.
- Duration of Oral/Practical and Clinical Examination is 120 Minutes (2 Hours).
- Time for each OSPE/OSCE/OSVE station will be 08 Minutes.
 - 2. Each student of Second Year MBBS will have to appear in Second Year Professional Examination as follows:
- Block No. 04 (GIT & Nutrition-1 + RENAL) 300 Marks.
- Block No. 05 (Endocrinology & Reproduction-1 + Head & Neck, Special Senses) 300 Marks.
- Block No. 06 (Neurosciences-1 + Inflammation) 300 Marks.

3.No grace marks shall be allowed either in written or practical examination.

4.At least 25% MCQs and 25% SEQ shall cover Applied Clinical Cases scenario to assess high order thinking of Second Year MBBS examination.

Block No. 04 (GIT & Nutrition-1 + RENAL)

The examination of block no. 01 will be as follows:

- I. One written paper of 120 Marks having following two parts:
- a) Part I shall have eighty-five Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) with 85 total marks (01 mark for each MCQ) and allocated time will be 110 Minutes.
- b) Part II will have seven (7) Structured Essay Questions (SEQs) with 35 total marks (05 marks for each SEQ) and allocated time will be 70 Minutes.
- c) Oral/Practical/Clinical Examination shall be of 120 marks.
- d) The Continuous Internal Examination conducted by college of enrollment shall carry 60 marks (20% of the total 300 marks) of the Block. These 60 marks will be equally distributed for Written and Oral/Practical/Clinical Examination.

YEAR II								
Subject	Theory		Practical	Total				
-			Marks					
Block 4 Modules (GIT & RENAL- 1)	Part I MCQs (85)	85 marks	Practical/ClinicalExamination07 OSPE02 OSCE1603 OSVE48			300		
	Part II SEQs (7) 35 marks		Internal Assessment 10%	30 marks		500		
	Internal Assessment 10%	30 marks						
	Total	150	Total	15	0			

REGULATION:

1. This examination shall be permitted to any students who:

- a) Has been enrolled/registered and completed one academic year proceedings in a constituent or affiliated medical college of University of Health Sciences (UHS).
- b) has his/her name been submitted for the purpose of examination to Registrar of UHS from Principal of constituent or affiliated medical college, where he /she is enrolled and eligible as per prerequisite of first year MBBS examination.
- c) Has his/her marks of internal assessment of all the Blocks are submitted to Registrar of University of Health Sciences by the Principal of the college along with admission forms.
- d) Produces the following certificates duly attested by the Principal of the medical college:
 - i. Good Character.
 - ii. Attendance Certificate having not less than **85%** attendance of full course in both lectures delivered and practical conducted in second year MBBS.
 - iii. Certificate of having passed all the Block examinations conducted by the college of enrollment with **50%** cumulative percentage in aggregate of Block 4, 5 & 6 Second year.
 - iv. Candidates failing short of attendance in lectures and practicals shall not be admitted to the annual examination. Student though will be allowed for next examination if they attend 85% of lectures delivered and practical conducted before the commencement of next examination by remaining enrolled as regular student of the college.
- 2. The minimum passing marks shall be 50% in written and 50% in Oral/Practical/Clinical Examination and 50% as an aggregate, independently and concomitantly at one and the same time of Second year MBBS examination.
- 3. Candidates securing more than **85%** marks in any of Block will be declared as distinction in the Block subject he/she secured **80%** marks in written component of that paper. Similarly, If he/she does not pass in second year examination as a whole at and same time shall not be declared to have a distinction in single Block or paper.
- 4. Any candidate failing to clear one or more papers in annual examination shall be provisionally allowed to join third year. He/she must clear that failed paper in supplementary examination within 4 weeks' time frame, failing to do he/she will be detained back in second year. Under no circumstances he/she shall be promoted to third year MBBS profession until and unless he/she cleared the failed papers.
- 5. If a student appears by any chance for the first time in Supplementary examination as he/she did not appear in annual examination and failed to clear one or more papers shall be detained in same second year class, no provisional joining in next class shall be allowed.
- 6. Any student failed to clear second year MBBS in four consecutive attempts inclusive of availed or un-availed after being eligible for examination shall be expelled from college and shall not be allowed to continue MBBS or BDS studies in the college or shall not be allowed to get admission as fresh candidate in either MBBS or BDS. (Ref. UHS Circulars/137-20/2750 dated 23-11-2020).

- 7. The college may arrange remedial classes and one re-sit for each block examination, either with the subsequent block examination or before completion of subsequent block examination, and before or during preparatory leave for the terminal block of the professional year, before issuance of the date sheet for the concerned professional examination, subject to the following conditions:
 - i. At the completion of each block, the principal of the college shall submit a detailed report to the university, including cases of the students with short attendance, poor performance / absence in the block examination along with the reasons and evidence for the same, proposed schedule for remedial classes and re-sit examinations.
 - ii. Competent Authority UHS will have the cause and the submitted evidence evaluated and documented, before permitting the college to arrange remedial classes and re-sit examination at the concerned block. No college is allowed to conduct remedial classes and re-sit examinations without prior approval of the competent authority.
 - iii. The students can appear in re-sit of a block examination along with the subsequent block examination and before or during preparatory leave for the terminal block of the professional year, once the requirement of attendance is met with. Remedial classes shall be permitted only for those students who shall have attended 50% of total attendance of the concerned block in the first instance.
 - iv. The valid reason for short attendance in a block or absence from a block examination may include major illness/accident/surgery of the student or death of an immediate relative /being affiliated by a natural calamity or disaster.
- 8. Every candidate shall submit their admission to Registrar of UHS through Principal of the college where he/she is enrolled and completed Second year MBBS.
- 9. The marks of internal assessment shall be submitted to Controller of Examination of UHS within 02 weeks after completion of each Block 4, 5 & 6 examination. No Internal Assessment will be accepted after the commencement of annual examination.
- 10. Parent Teacher Meeting should be schedule after every Block to share the attendance, internal assessment and performance of the students with their parents and University of Health Sciences.
- 11. Fresh internal assessment for supplementary examination shall not be permissible. Revised internal assessment for detained students can be submitted. A proper continuous internal assessment record shall be maintained by respective departments of the medical college.
- 12. The candidates will submit their respective fee to UHS through Principal of their College. Principal will deposit student fees through bank draft or pay order or cross cheque in the name Treasurer University of Health Sciences along with admission forms.
- 13. Only one annual and one supplementary of first professional examination shall be allowed in a particular academic session. In exceptional situations, i.e. national calamities, war or loss of solved answer books in case of accident, special examination may be arranged. This will require permission of syndicate and board of governors.

MBBS 2nd Professional

BLOCK 4

Theme	V	Vritten E	xam		Oral/practical/clinical Exam			
	Subject	MCQ	SEQ		O	SPE/OSCE/Viva St	tation	
					OSPE	OSCE	Structured viva	
		1 Mark	5 Marks	Marks				Marks
					8 Marks each observed	8 Marks each observe	16 Marks each	
Normal Structure	Anatomy &	23	3	38	3	-	1	40
	Applied/clinical							
Normal Function	Physiology &	16	2	26	2	-	1	32
	Applied/clinical							
	Biochemistry &	20	2	30	2	-	1	32
	Applied/clinical							
Disease Burden &	Community Medicine &	07	-	07	-	-		-
Prevention	Public Health							
	Behavioral Sciences	06	-	06	-	-		-
Pathophysiology &	Pathology	09	-	09	-	-		-
Pharmacotherapeutics	Pharmacology	04	-	04	-	-		-
CFRC	CF 1-1	-	-	-	-	1		8
PERLS	PERL 1-1	-	-	-	-	1		8
		85	7x5=35	120	7 Stations x 08	02 Stations x 08	3 Vivas x 16	120
					= 56	= 16	= 48	

Academic Calendar 2nd Year 2024

	BLOCK 4		4 th March to 4 th June 2024 (11 Wks + 1 wk Spring Break)		
	Spring Brea	k	3 rd April to 9 th April 2024; Eid ul fitr 10-12 th April 24		
1.	GIT & Nutrition Modul	e (6wks)	4 th March to 26 th April 2024		
	Major Module test		22 nd April		
	Minor Module Test		29 th April		
2.	Renal Module	(4wks)	29 th April to 24 th May 2024.		
	Major Module test		20 th May 2024		
	Minor Module test		24 th May 2024		
	Block 4 Exam	(1wk)	27 th May - 4 th June 2024		
	Written		30th May 2024		
	OSPE/OSVE		3 rd 4 th June 2024		
	BLOCK 5		5 th June to 1 st Oct, 2024		
			(12 wks + 4wks Summer Break)		
	Summer Break	ζ.	16 June to 13 th July 2024		
1.	Endo, Repro & Genetics	Module (7wks)	5 th June to 16 th August 2024		
	Major Module	test	12 th August, 2024		
	Minor Module	test	16 th August, 2024		
	Head & Neck & Sp. Senses	Module (5wks)	19 th August – 20 th September 2024		

2.	Major Module te	st	16 th September, 2024			
	Minor Module te	st	20 th September,, 2024			
	Block 5 Exam	(1wk)	23 rd September-1 st October 2024			
	Written	26 th September, 2024				
	OSPE/OSVE	30 th September & 1 st October 2024				
	BLOCK 6		2nd October-3 rd December 2024 (9 Weeks)			
1.	Neuro. Module	(7wks)	2 nd October to 15 th November 2024			
	Major Module tes	st	11 th November, 2024			
	Minor Module te	st	15 th November, 2024			
2.	Inflammation Module	(1wk)	18 th -23 rd November 2024			
	Block 6 Exam	(1wk)	30 th November to 3 rd December 2024			
	Written		28 th September, 2024			
	OSPE/OSVE		2 nd 3 rd December 2024			
P	REPARATORY LEAVES (4w)	4 th to 31 st December 2024				
	Winter break	25 th December to 31 st December 2024				
	PROFESSIONAL EXAMS	January 2025 onwards				

RESOURCE BOOKS:

Anatomy

- Snell's Clinical Anatomy 10th ed.
- Langman's Medical Embryology 12th ed
- Medical Histology by Laiq Hussain Siddiqui 8th ed.
- General Anatomy by Laiq Hussain Siddiqui 6th ed.

Physiology

- Guyton AC and Hall JE. Textbook of Medical Physiology. W. B. Sunders & Co., Philadelphia 14th Edition.
- Essentials of Medical Physiology by Mushtaq Ahmed

Biochemistry

- Harpers illustrated Biochemistry 32nd edition. Rodwell.V.W MCGrawHill publishers.
- Lippincott illustrated Review 8th edition Kluwer.W.
- Essentials of Medical Biochemistry vol 1&2 by Mushtaq Ahmed.

Pathology

- Vinary Kumar, Abul K. Abbas and Nelson Fausto Robbins and Cotran, Pathologic basis of disease. WB Saunders.
- Richard Mitchall, Vinary Kumar, Abul K. Abbas and Nelson Fausto Robbins and
- Cotran, Pocket Companion to Pathologic basis of diseases. Saunder Harcourt.
- Walter and Israel. General Pathology.
- Churchill Livingstone.

Medicine

• Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine

Pharmacology

- Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by Katzung, McGraw-Hill.
- Pharmacology by Champe and Harvey, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Behavioural Sciences

- Handbook of Behavioural Sciences by Prof. Mowadat H.Rana, 3rd Edition
- Medical and Psychosocial aspects of chronic illness and disability SIXTH EDITION by Donna R.Falvo, PhD Beverely E.Holland, PhD, RN

Community medicine

- Parks Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. K. Park (Editor)
- Public Health and Community Medicine

• Ilyas, Ansari (Editors)

Surgery

• Bailey and Love's short practice of surgery

Islamiyat

- Standard Islamiyat (compulsory) for B.A, BSc, MA, MSc, MBBS by Prof M Sharif Islahi.
- Ilmi Islamiyat(compulsory) for BA, BSc & equivalent.